117th CONGRESS 2D Session



To prohibit the delivery of opioids by means of the dark web, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. HASSAN (for herself and Mr. CORNYN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_\_

# A BILL

To prohibit the delivery of opioids by means of the dark web, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Dark Web Interdiction

5 Act of 2022".

## 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND SENSE OF CONGRESS.

7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

8 (1) The dark web is made up of websites and
9 other network services that leverage overlay net10 works providing anonymity. These overlay networks

DUN22249 3NY

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1 use the internet but require specific software and 2 configurations to access. The overlay networks use 3 multiple encrypted traffic relays for which an indi-4 vidual relay computer knows its source of informa-5 tion and where the individual computer is sending 6 the information but never knows both the original 7 source and ultimate destination of the traffic simul-8 taneously. This anonymity has provided criminals 9 with the ability to host illicit material in a way that 10 circumvents the ability of law enforcement agencies 11 to serve legal process to remove or effectively inves-12 tigate websites offering illegal content or goods for 13 purchase or sharing.

14 (2) Dark web marketplaces include e-commerce 15 websites based on the dark web on which individuals 16 use virtual currencies to engage in transactions in-17 volving drugs, weapons, malware, counterfeit cur-18 rency, stolen credit cards, personal identifying infor-19 mation, forged documents, unlicensed pharma-20 ceuticals, and other illicit goods.

(3) Due to the anonymity provided by the dark
web, illicit activities can be hosted from anywhere in
the world without accountability to—

24 (A) the Federal Government;

25 (B) Federal laws; or

DUN22249 3NY

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1 (C) any other government or system of 2 laws.

3 (4) The use of the dark web to distribute illegal
4 drugs has contributed and continues to contribute to
5 the substance abuse crisis that is devastating com6 munities across the United States. This devastation
7 is due in large part to the fact that the dark web
8 has made illicit goods obtainable anonymously.

9 (5) Law enforcement agencies at every level of 10 government continue to investigate drug trafficking 11 and the sale of illegal goods and services through the 12 dark web that occurs as a result of interactions on 13 the dark web, both within the United States and at 14 the international border of the United States, but 15 the increased anonymity the internet provides has 16 made it more difficult to identify and prosecute the 17 individuals and organizations who-

18 (A) administer or otherwise operate
19 websites on the dark web that facilitate the dis20 tribution of illegal drugs, goods, or services; or

(B) buy and sell illegal drugs, goods, or
services through illicit marketplaces hosted on
the dark web.

24 (6) Despite difficulties in identifying and locat-25 ing individuals and organizations who engage in

1	drug trafficking on the dark web, law enforcement
2	agencies have been effective in investigating and
3	prosecuting the distribution of illegal drugs through
4	illicit marketplaces on the dark web, as evidenced by
5	Operation DisrupTor, which—
6	(A) was announced in September 2020;
7	(B) resulted in—
8	(i) 179 arrests worldwide, including
9	121 arrests in the United States;
10	(ii) the seizure of approximately 500
11	kilograms of drugs worldwide, including
12	274 kilograms of drugs in the United
13	States; and
14	(iii) the seizure of more than
15	\$6,500,000 worth of virtual currencies and
16	$\cosh;$
17	(C) is an example of one of many cases
18	conducted jointly by—
19	(i) the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
20	tion;
21	(ii) the Drug Enforcement Adminis-
22	tration;
23	(iii) Immigration and Customs En-
24	forcement;
25	(iv) Homeland Security Investigations;

1	(v) United States Customs and Bor-
2	der Protection;
3	(vi) the United States Postal Inspec-
4	tion Service;
5	(vii) the Financial Crimes Enforce-
6	ment Network;
7	(viii) the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,
8	Firearms, and Explosives;
9	(ix) the Naval Criminal Investigative
10	Service;
11	(x) the Department of Justice;
12	(xi) the Department of Defense; and
13	(xii) additional local, State, and inter-
14	national law enforcement partners.
15	(7) Although law enforcement agencies have
16	succeeded in investigating the distribution and sale
17	of illegal drugs, goods, and services that occurs as
18	a result of interactions on the dark web, investiga-
19	tive and prosecutorial collaboration, innovation, and
20	advancement are critical to—
21	(A) increasing the capacity to combat the
22	threat posed by the dark web and the illicit
23	marketplaces hosted on the dark web; and
24	(B) enhancing collaboration and coordina-
25	tion among Federal, State, Tribal, local, inter-

1	national and other law enforcement partners, as
2	appropriate.
3	(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
4	gress that—
5	(1) the dark web and illicit marketplaces hosted
6	on the dark web facilitate the distribution of illegal
7	drugs and pose a unique threat to the public health
8	and national security in the United States; and
9	(2) Congress should—
10	(A) support law enforcement agencies and
11	prosecutors at the Federal, State, Tribal, local,
12	and international levels in their efforts to inves-
13	tigate and prosecute the distribution of illegal
14	drugs, goods, and services through the dark
15	web; and
16	(B) increase the investigative and prosecu-
17	torial tools available to law enforcement agen-
18	cies and prosecutors to address the distribution
19	of illegal drugs, goods, and services through the
20	dark web.
21	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
22	In this Act:
23	(1) DARK WEB.—The term "dark web" has the
24	meaning given the term in subsection (i) of section

1	401 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
2	841), as added by section 4 of this Act.
3	(2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
4	the Director of the task force.
5	(3) Illicit Marketplace.—The term "illicit
6	marketplace" means a website on the dark web on
7	which individuals can use virtual currency to engage
8	in transactions involving drugs, weapons, malware,
9	counterfeit currency, stolen credit cards, personal
10	identifying information, forged documents, or other
11	illicit goods.
12	(4) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe"
13	has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in
14	section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
15	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
16	(5) Opioid.—The term "opioid" has the mean-
17	ing given the term in section 102 of the Controlled
18	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).
19	(6) TASK FORCE.—The term "task force"
20	means the Joint Criminal Opioid and Darknet En-
21	forcement Task Force established under section
22	5(a)(1).

### 1 SEC. 4. OFFENSES INVOLVING THE DARK WEB.

2 Section 401 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
3 U.S.C. 841) is amended by adding at the end the fol4 lowing:

5 "(i) OFFENSES INVOLVING DISPENSING OF CON6 TROLLED SUBSTANCES BY MEANS OF THE DARK WEB.—

7 "(1) DEFINITION OF DARK WEB.—In this sub8 section, the term 'dark web' means a portion of the
9 internet in which there are hidden sites and services
10 that—

11 "(A) are not indexed by an internet search12 engine; and

"(B) are only accessible to users of specific
devices, software, routing and anonymizing
services, authorizations, or configurations that
conceal the identities and locations of users.

17 "(2) OFFENSE.—It shall be unlawful for any18 person to knowingly or intentionally—

19 "(A) deliver, distribute, or dispense a con20 trolled substance by means of the dark web, ex21 cept as authorized by this title; or

"(B) aid or abet (as such terms are used
in section 2, title 18, United States Code) any
activity described in subparagraph (A) that is
not authorized by this title.

•
"(3) PENALTY.—Pursuant to its authority
under section 994 of title 28, United States Code,
the United States Sentencing Commission shall
amend the Federal sentencing guidelines and policy
statements to provide for a 2-level increase above the
sentence otherwise applicable for a violation of para-
graph (2).".
SEC. 5. JOINT CRIMINAL OPIOID AND DARKNET ENFORCE-
MENT TASK FORCE.
(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the
Federal Bureau of Investigation an interagency pro-
gram that shall be known as the Joint Criminal
Opioid and Darknet Enforcement Task Force.
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<ul> <li>(2) DIRECTOR.—The task force shall be headed by a Director, who shall be appointed by the Presi- dent, by and with the advice and consent of the Sen- ate.</li> <li>(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the task force shall be to detect, disrupt, and dismantle illicit marketplaces.</li> <li>(c) COMPONENTS.—</li> <li>(1) REPRESENTATIVES.—The task force shall</li> </ul>

(C) the United States Postal Inspection
Service;
(D) Immigration and Customs Enforce-
ment;
(E) the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Fire-
arms, and Explosives;
(F) Homeland Security Investigations;
(G) United States Customs and Border
Protection;
(H) the Department of Defense;
(I) the Financial Crimes Enforcement Net-
work; and
(J) the Department of Justice.
(2) CONSULTATION.—The Director may consult
with any State, Tribal, local, or international depart-
ment or agency the Director determines necessary to
carry out the purpose of the task force described in
subsection (b).
(d) DUTIES AND FUNCTIONS.—To further the pur-
pose of the task force described in subsection (b), the task
force shall—
(1) on on one in
(1) engage in—
<ul><li>(1) engage m—</li><li>(A) proactive and reactive investigations;</li></ul>

1	(B) forensic and cyberforensic examina-
2	tions;
3	(2) provide forensic and cyberforensic, tech-
4	nical, preventive, and investigative training and as-
5	sistance to—
6	(A) prosecutors; and
7	(B) law enforcement agencies;
8	(3) develop best practices to assist Federal,
9	State, Tribal, and local law enforcement agencies,
10	prosecutors, and others, as appropriate, in the col-
11	lection of evidence in order to determine and inves-
12	tigate possible nexuses to the dark web and virtual
13	assets, including—
14	(A) evidence logging;
15	(B) evidence maintenance; and
16	(C) evidence sharing;
17	(4) develop multijurisdictional and multiagency
18	responses and partnerships with Federal, inter-
19	national, local, and other law enforcement agencies,
20	as appropriate, by—
21	(A) establishing procedures for information
22	sharing;
	situring,
23	(B) establishing lists of recommended spe-

1	prosecute the distribution of illicit drugs, goods,
2	and services on the dark web; and
3	(C) helping the agencies acquire the nec-
4	essary knowledge, personnel, and specialized
5	equipment to investigate and prosecute the dis-
6	tribution of illegal drugs, goods, and services
7	through the dark web;
8	(5) create novel investigative approaches to—
9	(A) target emerging technologies that fa-
10	cilitate the distribution of opioids through illicit
11	marketplaces on the dark web; and
12	(B) build forensic capacity and expertise to
13	meet the challenges posed by the technologies;
14	(6) enhance collaboration and coordination with
15	international partners; and
16	(7) engage in any other activities the Director
17	determines necessary to carry out the duties of the
18	task force.
19	(e) Guidance and Training.—The task force shall
20	provide guidance and training to officers and employees
21	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and other Federal,
22	international, and other law enforcement agencies, as ap-
23	propriate, relating to—
24	(1) techniques and procedures to—

1	(A) recognize evidence or potential evi-
2	dence relating to the dark web; and
3	(B) identify and recognize patterns and
4	practices relating to the distribution of illegal
5	drugs, services, and goods through the dark
6	web;
7	(2) the types of information that should be col-
8	lected and recorded in information technology sys-
9	tems used by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to
10	help—
11	(A) identify administrators and operators
12	of illicit marketplaces;
13	(B) identify vendors, buyers, and other in-
14	dividuals involved in the distribution of opioids
15	through illicit marketplaces; and
16	(C) detect, disrupt, and dismantle illicit
17	marketplaces;
18	(3) procedures for systematic and routine infor-
19	mation sharing within the Federal Bureau of Inves-
20	tigation and between Federal, State, Tribal, and
21	local law enforcement agencies; and
22	(4) any other training or guidance the Director
23	determines necessary to carry out the duties of the
24	task force.

1	(f) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Di-
3	rector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, acting
4	through the Director, shall submit to the Committee on
5	the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Ju-
6	diciary of the House of Representatives a report, which
7	shall include, for the previous year—
8	(1) a summary of the activities and accomplish-
9	ments of the task force;
10	(2) a description of the investigative methods
11	used by the task force, including an assessment of
12	the effectiveness of the methods;
13	(3) information on investigation and prosecu-
14	tion performance measures for the task force, in-
15	cluding-
16	(A) the number of investigations the task
17	force conducted or assisted;
18	(B) the number of illicit marketplaces de-
19	tected, disrupted, or dismantled as a result of
20	an investigation conducted or assisted by the
21	task force;
22	(C) the number of arrests relating to an
23	investigation conducted or assisted by the task
24	force; and

1	(D) statistics that account for the disposi-
2	tion of investigations by the task force that did
3	not result in an arrest or a prosecution;
4	(4) an assessment of partnerships between the
5	task force and other Federal, State, Tribal, and local
6	law enforcement agencies, including the effectiveness
7	of guidance and training provided by the task force
8	to personnel of other Federal, State, Tribal, and law
9	enforcement agencies;
10	(5) an evaluation of the collaboration and co-
11	ordination between the task force and international
12	partners;
13	(6) recommendations for additional congres-
14	sional or legislative action, as appropriate, that
15	would be useful or necessary to achieve the purpose
16	of the task force described in subsection (b);
17	(7) a summary of how transactions involving
18	the distribution of illegal drugs, goods, and services
19	through the dark web are financed; and
20	(8) a description of a plan to increase the ca-
21	pacity to investigate the distribution of illegal drugs,
22	goods, and services through the dark web; and
23	(9) recommendations for additional congres-
24	sional or legislative action, as appropriate, that
25	would improve the efforts of Federal agencies to de-

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tect, disrupt, and dismantle illicit marketplaces, in cluding efforts to identify individuals and groups in volved in the distribution of illegal drugs, goods, and
 services through the dark web.

5 (g) FUNDING.—The Director shall carry out this sec6 tion using amounts otherwise made available to the Attor7 ney General.

8 (h) SUNSET.—This section shall cease to have force
9 or effect on the date that is 5 years after the date of enact10 ment of this Act.

## 11 SEC. 6. REPORT ON VIRTUAL CURRENCIES.

12 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment 13 of this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the 14 Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Homeland 15 Security, shall submit to Congress a report on the use of 16 virtual currencies in the distribution of opioids through il-17 licit marketplaces on the dark web, which shall include—

19 (A) used to finance transactions involving
20 the distribution of opioids through illicit mar21 ketplaces on the dark web; and

(1) a summary of how virtual currencies are—

- (B) exchanged in the course of transactions described in subparagraph (A), including transactions involving—
- 25 (i) peer-to-peer networks;

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1	(ii) virtual currency;
2	(iii) money transmitters; or
3	(iv) other financial institutions;
4	(2) the number of instances involving the dis-
5	tribution of opioids through illicit marketplaces on
6	the dark web in which an individual involved used a
7	virtual currency to finance the distribution;
8	(3) the most common types of virtual currencies
9	used by individuals involved in the distribution of
10	opioids through illicit marketplaces on the dark web;
11	(4) an assessment of the capacity to investigate
12	the use of virtual currencies in the distribution of
13	opioids through illicit marketplaces on the dark web,
14	including—
15	(A) efforts to assist financial institutions
16	in detecting, identifying, and reporting sus-
17	picious activity and money laundering;
18	(B) efforts to obtain financial records and
19	other documents from virtual currency opera-
20	tors and exchanges;
21	(C) training and guidance to Federal,
22	State, Tribal, and local law enforcement agen-
23	cies and prosecutors; and
24	(D) coordination and collaboration with
25	international partners; and

(5) recommendations for additional congres sional or legislative action that would improve the ef forts of Federal agencies to detect, disrupt, and dis mantle illicit marketplaces on the dark web, includ ing efforts to identify individuals using virtual cur rencies in the distribution of opioids through illicit
 marketplaces on the dark web.

#### 8 SEC. 7. FIVE YEAR UPDATE.

9 It is the sense of Congress that, not less frequently
10 than once every 5 years, Congress should evaluate and,
11 if necessary, update the definition of the term "dark web"
12 in section 401(i) of the Controlled Substances Act (21
13 U.S.C. 841(i)), as added by section 4 of this Act.

#### 14 SEC. 8. SEVERABILITY.

15 If any portion of this Act, or the amendments made 16 by this Act, or the application thereof to any person or 17 circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this Act and 18 the amendments made by this Act, and the application of 19 this Act or the amendments made by this Act to other 20 persons not similarly situated or to other circumstances 21 shall not be affected by the invalidation.